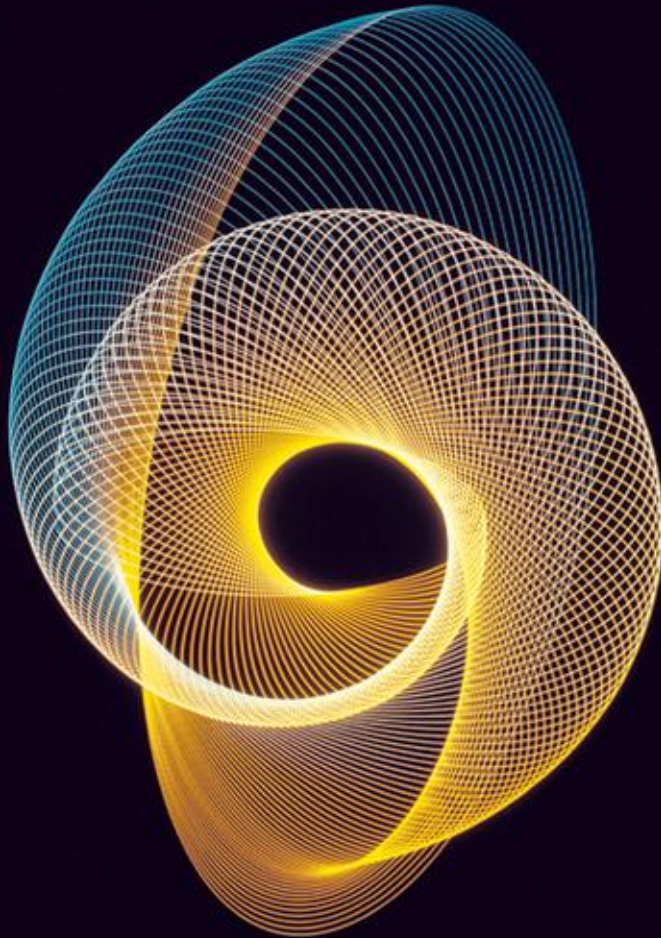


J. R. Parker

Algorithms for Image Processing and Computer Vision



SECOND EDITION
2

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Second Edition



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WILEY

Wiley Publishing, Inc.

Algorithms for Image Processing and Computer Vision, Second Edition

Published by
Wiley Publishing, Inc.
10475 Crosspoint Boulevard
Indianapolis, IN 46256
www.wiley.com

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Published by Wiley Publishing, Inc., Indianapolis, Indiana
Published simultaneously in Canada

ISBN: 978-0-470-64385-3
ISBN: 978-1-118-02188-0 (ebk)
ISBN: 978-1-118-02189-7 (ebk)
ISBN: 978-1-118-01962-7 (ebk)

Manufactured in the United States of America

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

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Library of Congress Control Number: 2010939957

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*“Sin lies only in hurting other people unnecessarily.
All other ‘sins’ are invented nonsense.
(Hurting yourself is not a sin – just stupid.)”*

– Robert A. Heinlein

Thanks, Bob.



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Acknowledgments

Thanks this time to Sonny Chan, for the inspiration for the parallel computing chapter, to Jeff Boyd, for introducing me repeatedly to OpenCV, and to Ralph Huntsinger and Ghislain C. Vansteenkiste, for getting me into and successfully out of my Ph.D. program.

Almost all the images used in this book were created by me, using an IBM PC with a frame grabber and a Sony CCD camera, an HP scanner, and a Sony Eyetoy as a webcam. Credits for the few images that were not acquired in this way are as follows:

Corel Corporation made available the color image of the grasshopper on a leaf shown in Figure 3.33, and also was the origin of the example search images in Figure 10.5.

The sample images in Figure 10.1 were a part of the ALOI data set, use of which was allowed by J. M. Geusebroek.

Thanks to Big Hill Veterinary Clinic in Cochrane, Alberta, Canada, for the X-ray image shown in Figure 3.10e.

Finally, thanks to Dr. N. Wardlaw, of the University of Calgary Department of Geology, for the geological micropore image of Figure 3.16.

Most importantly, I need to thank my family: my wife, Katrin, and children, Bailey and Max. They sacrificed time and energy so that this work could be completed. I appreciate it and hope that the effort has been worthwhile.



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Preface

Humans still obtain the vast majority of their sensory input through their visual system, and an enormous effort has been made to artificially enhance this sense. Eyeglasses, binoculars, telescopes, radar, infrared sensors, and photomultipliers all function to improve our view of the world and the universe. We even have telescopes in orbit (eyes outside the atmosphere) and many of those “see” in other spectra: infrared, ultraviolet, X-rays. These give us views that we could not have imagined only a few years ago, and in colors that we’ll never see with the naked eye. The computer has been essential for creating the incredible images we’ve all seen from these devices.

When the first edition of this book was written, the Hubble Space Telescope was in orbit and producing images at a great rate. It and the European Hipparcos telescope were the only optical instruments above the atmosphere. Now there is COROT, Kepler, MOST (Canada’s space telescope), and Swift Gamma Ray Burst Explorer. In addition, there is the Spitzer (infrared), Chandra (X-ray), GALEX (ultraviolet), and a score of others. The first edition was written on a 450-Mhz Pentium III with 256 MB of memory. In 1999, the first major digital SLR camera was placed on the market: the Nikon D1. It had only 2.74 million pixels and cost just under \$6,000. A typical PC disk drive held 100–200 MB. Webcams existed in 1997, but they were expensive and low-resolution. Persons using computer images needed to have a special image acquisition card and a relatively expensive camera to conduct their work, generally amounting to \$1–2,000 worth of equipment. The technology of personal computers and image acquisition has changed a lot since then.

The 1997 first edition was inspired by my numerous scans through the Internet news groups related to image processing and computer vision. I noted that some requests appeared over and over again, sometimes answered and sometimes not, and wondered if it would be possible to answer the more

frequently asked questions in book form, which would allow the development of some of the background necessary for a complete explanation. However, since I had just completed a book (*Practical Computer Vision Using C*), I was in no mood to pursue the issue. I continued to collect information from the Net, hoping to one day collate it into a sensible form. I did that, and the first edition was very well received. (Thanks!)

Fifteen years later, given the changes in technology, I'm surprised at how little has changed in the field of vision and image processing, at least at the accessible level. Yes, the theory has become more sophisticated and three-dimensional vision methods have certainly improved. Some robot vision systems have accomplished rather interesting things, and face recognition has been taken to a new level. However, cheap character recognition is still, well, cheap, and is still not up to a level where it can be used reliably in most cases. Unlike other kinds of software, vision systems are not ubiquitous features of daily life. Why not? Possibly because the vision problem is really a hard one. Perhaps there is room for a revision of the original book?

My goal has changed somewhat. I am now also interested in "democratization" of this technology — that is, in allowing it to be used by anyone, at home, in their business, or at schools. Of course, you need to be able to program a computer, but that skill is more common than it was. All the software needed to build the programs in this edition is freely available on the Internet. I have used a free compiler (Microsoft Visual Studio Express), and OpenCV is also a free download. The only impediment to the development of your own image-analysis systems is your own programming ability.

Some of the original material has not changed very much. Edge detection, thinning, thresholding, and morphology have not been hot areas of research, and the chapters in this edition are quite similar to those in the original. The software has been updated to use Intel's OpenCV system, which makes image IO and display much easier for programmers. It is even a simple matter to capture images from a webcam in real time and use them as input to the programs. Chapter 1 contains a discussion of the basics of OpenCV use, and all software in this book uses OpenCV as a basis.

Much of the mathematics in this book is still necessary for the detailed understanding of the algorithms described. Advanced methods in image processing and vision require the motivation and justification that only mathematics can provide. In some cases, I have only scratched the surface, and have left a more detailed study for those willing to follow the references given at the ends of chapters. I have tried to select references that provide a range of approaches, from detailed and complex mathematical analyses to clear and concise exposition. However, in some cases there are very few clear descriptions in the literature, and none that do not require at least a university-level math course. Here I have attempted to describe the situation in an intuitive manner, sacrificing rigor (which can be found almost anywhere else) for as

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